Introduction to NT Books

Dr. Thomas M. Strouse

V. The Book of Acts

- A. The Authorship of Acts
 - 1. The External Evidence
 - a. Early Patristics attested to the Lukan authorship.
 - b. The Muritorian Canon attests for the same.
 - 2. The Internal Evidence
 - a. The author was a companion of Paul because of the use of "we" and "us" (Acts 16:10-17; 20:5 ff.).
 - b. Of all of Paul's companions, Luke is the only one not eliminated because of contexts.
 - c. As in the Gospel of Luke, the author used medical terms supporting the Lukan authorship (cf. Col. 4:14).

B. The Date of Acts

- 1. The Book ends with Paul's first Roman imprisonment (Acts 28).
- 2. Luke stayed with Paul during his trip which ended around AD 60.
- C. The Origin and Destination of Acts
 - 1. Luke wrote from Rome while with Paul.
 - 2. He wrote to the Gentile Roman Theophilus (Acts 1:1).
- D. The Purpose of Acts
 - 1. He wanted to continue recording what Jesus began to do and teach, now through the Holy Spirit (Acts 1:1 ff.).
 - 2. He wanted to reveal that the Apostles and disciples' interpretation of the Great Commission was that of starting Baptist churches (Acts 18:8 ff.).
- E. The Characteristics of Acts
 - 1. The Outline of Acts (1:8) focuses on the following:
 - a. The Events of Pentecost (1-2)
 - b. The Ministry of the Apostles (3-12)
 - c. The Church Planting of Paul (13-21)
 - 1) First Missionary Journey (13-14)
 - 2) Second Missionary Journey (15-18)
 - 3) Third Missionary Journey (12-21)
 - d. The Prosperous Journey to Rome (21-28)
 - 2. The Book covers the first thirty years of Apostolic activity (c. AD 30-60), and refers to several historical markers to establish a timeline, such as Claudius' Jewish expulsion about AD 49 and Gallio's verdict about AD 51 (Acts 18:2 and 12, respectively).
 - 3. Luke emphasized ecclesiology in Acts, dealing with the nature, administration, financing, and mission of the NT ἐκκλησία.
 - 4. Acts emphasized the role of prayer and the person of the Holy Spirit in church work.
 - 5. Acts is the first book of Baptist history, giving the biblical pattern of the expectation of Christianity until Christ comes back (i.e., planting immersionist assemblies):
 - a. Churches are comprised of saved sinners.
 - b. Churches will receive persecution from without and heresy from within.
 - c. The Lord oversees the progress of immersionist church establishment and preservation.
 - d. The Baptist assembly is the authorized institution to reach the world with the Gospel.